

**ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
WENZHOU KANGNING HOSPITAL CO., LTD.**

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CHAPTER 1 GENERAL

Article 1 The KPMG H.K., L. (C. P.) P., C. P., A. C. P. L. PRC (C. P. L. -), S. L. PRC (S. L. -), S. P. S. C. P. O. O. P. L. S. J. S. L. C. P. (S. P. -), M. P. A. A. C. L. O., G. A. A. L. C. P., L. O. S. A. A. C. L. H. K., R. G. L. S. T. S. E. H. K. L. (L. R. -), P.

Article 2 The C. P. P. C. P. L. P. P. R. C. P. (PRC-).

KPMG H. C., L. KPMG H. C., L. 31 J. 2014, C. P. A. I. C. 15 O. 2014, B. L. (330300000044161), P.

The C. P. 9, 3 P. G. P., L. P., H. P.; 6 P. P. G. P. GL C. P. F. L. P., B. CDH C. P. L. P., B. CDH C. P. L. P., N. K. P. I. M. L. P., N. E. K. P. I. M. L. P. N. R. K. P. I. M. L. P.

Article 9

F... A... A... A...
A...
C...
C...

T... A... A... C...
C...
A... A...

A... 244, ...
A... A...
C...
C... T... C... T...
C...
...

F...
...

T... A... A...
...
...
B...
B... C... T...
...
... C... L...
C... L...

Article 10

T... C... H...
...
... B...
C...
PRC... H...
K... S... A... R... (H... K... -), M... S...
A... R... (M... -) T...

CHAPTER 2 OPERATIONAL OBJECTIVES AND SCOPE

Article 11 The Company's business objectives are to provide services to its customers, to increase its market share, to improve its operational efficiency, to enhance its financial performance, to comply with applicable laws and regulations, and to contribute to the community.

Article 12 The Company's operational objectives are to provide services to its customers, to increase its market share, to improve its operational efficiency, to enhance its financial performance, to comply with applicable laws and regulations, and to contribute to the community.

The Company's operational objectives are to provide services to its customers, to increase its market share, to improve its operational efficiency, to enhance its financial performance, to comply with applicable laws and regulations, and to contribute to the community.

CHAPTER 3 SHARES, REGISTERED CAPITAL AND TRANSFER OF SHARES

Article 13 The Company's registered capital is RMB100,000,000. The Company's shares are divided into ordinary shares and preferred shares.

Article 14 The Company's registered capital is RMB100,000,000. The Company's shares are divided into ordinary shares and preferred shares.

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Article 15 The Company's registered capital is RMB100,000,000. The Company's shares are divided into ordinary shares and preferred shares.

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The Company's registered capital is RMB100,000,000. The Company's shares are divided into ordinary shares and preferred shares.

Article 16 The C-PRC shall, in accordance with the PRC-
PRC S-C.

F-PRC- H K,
M T C-T
PRC- PRC,
C.

Article 17 T C-PRC
R
T C-PRC
T
A
RMB),
T C-PRC
H K, H, RMB-
H K S E
H K,
A C-S C,
C-
U
T
T
T

Article 18

A. The total number of shares of the Company is 50,000,000 shares, which are divided into 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value of \$0.01 per share.

No.	Name of promoters	Shareholding (share)	Percentage of shareholding
1.	G. M. T.	19,810,250	39.6205%
2.	G. M. T. GLC, Inc. F. M. L.P.	13,416,750	26.8335%
3.	M. H. M.	5,304,350	10.6087%
4.	M. L. P.	3,794,500	7.5890%
5.	B. M. CDH, Inc. C. L.P.	3,347,750	6.6955%
6.	B. M. CDH, Inc. C. L.P.	2,326,400	4.6528%
7.	N. M. K. M. M. Inc. M. L.P.	1,543,000	3.0860%
8.	N. M. E. K. M. M. Inc. M. L.P.	258,000	0.5160%
9.	N. M. R. K. M. M. Inc. M. L.P.	199,000	0.3980%
Total		50,000,000	100%

U. The total number of shares of the Company is 50,000,000 shares, which are divided into 50,000,000 shares of common stock, par value of \$0.01 per share.

No.	Name of shareholders	Shareholding (share)	Percentage of shareholding
1.	G. M. T.	19,810,250	37.5194%
2.	G. M. T. GLC, Inc. F. M. L.P.	15,384,541	29.1374%
3.	M. H. M.	5,304,350	10.0461%
4.	B. M. CDH, Inc. C. L.P.	3,838,754	7.2704%
5.	M. L. P.	3,794,500	7.1866%
6.	B. M. CDH, Inc. C. L.P.	2,667,605	5.0523%
7.	N. M. K. M. M. Inc. M. L.P.	1,543,000	2.9223%
8.	N. M. E. K. M. M. Inc. M. L.P.	258,000	0.4886%
9.	N. M. R. K. M. M. Inc. M. L.P.	199,000	0.3769%
Total		52,800,000	100%

Article 19 上海浦东发展银行股份有限公司（以下简称“浦发银行”）经中国证券监督管理委员会（以下简称“中国证监会”）核准，首次公开发行人民币普通股（A股）17,600,000股，每股面值人民币1.00元，发行价格为人民币17.60元/股，募集资金总额为人民币307,760,000.00元，扣除发行费用人民币17,600,000.00元后，募集资金净额为人民币290,160,000.00元。上述募集资金已于2009年12月15日到位，业经立信会计师事务所有限公司（以下简称“立信会计师事务所”）验证并出具信会师证字[2009]第110001号验资报告。截至2009年12月31日，上述募集资金已全部用于补充公司流动资金。

No.	Name of shareholders	Shareholding (shares)	Percentage of shareholding
1.	郭广昌	19,810,250	28.1396%
2.	郭广昌 GLC 有限公司 F L.P.	15,384,541	21.8530%
3.	上海浦东发展银行股份有限公司	5,304,350	7.5346%
4.	北京中德汇利投资管理有限公司 L.P.	3,838,754	5.4528%
5.	上海浦东发展银行股份有限公司	3,794,500	5.3899%
6.	北京中德汇利投资管理有限公司 L.P.	2,667,605	3.7892%
7.	南京凯利投资管理有限公司 M L.P.	1,543,000	2.1918%
8.	南京凯利投资管理有限公司 M L.P.	258,000	0.3665%
9.	南京凯利投资管理有限公司 M L.P.	199,000	0.2827%
10.	上海浦东发展银行股份有限公司	17,600,000	25.0000%
	T	70,400,000	100%

上述募集资金已于2009年12月15日到位，业经立信会计师事务所有限公司（以下简称“立信会计师事务所”）验证并出具信会师证字[2009]第110001号验资报告。截至2009年12月31日，上述募集资金已全部用于补充公司流动资金。

Article 23 A _____, _____ C _____
RMB50,000,000. P _____ H _____, _____ C _____
_____ RMB52,800,000.

U _____ H _____, _____ O _____
O _____, _____ C _____
RMB70,400,000; _____ O _____ O _____,
_____ C _____ RMB73,040,000. B _____
_____ C _____
_____ C _____
_____ S _____

Article 24 U _____
_____ () _____ C _____
A _____ A _____, _____ C _____
_____ T _____
C _____
C _____

Article 25 T _____ C _____

Article 26 T _____ C _____
_____ C _____ T _____
_____ C _____
C _____
T _____ C _____
C _____
D _____, _____
_____ 25% _____ C _____
_____ T _____ C _____
_____ C _____ I _____
_____ C _____ I _____
_____ () _____ H _____

It is not clear, however, why the C and P values are not the same. Since S is a function of C and P , the C and P values should be the same. The C and P values are the same when S is a linear function of C and P . The C and P values are not the same when S is a non-linear function of C and P . The C and P values are the same when S is a linear function of C and P . The C and P values are not the same when S is a non-linear function of C and P .

Article 29 T C P y . I C P
C L ,
A A .

Article 30 I C P^o 1986, art. 17, lett. b) e c), art. 18, lett. a) e b)
A l'Y. 1986, art. 17, lett. b) e c).

$\mathbb{P}^n$ is covered by two open sets $U_0 = \{x_0 \neq 0\}$ and $U_\infty = \{x_n \neq 0\}$. The transition map between them is given by $y_i = x_i/x_n$ for $i=0, \dots, n-1$.

T
C
P
P

Article 31 The Council of Ministers, by a majority of two-thirds, shall decide upon the following:

(a) the general guidelines for the common agricultural policy and the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(b) the objectives to be pursued in the common agricultural policy and the common market in agricultural products;

(c) the basic principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(d) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(e) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(f) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(g) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(h) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(i) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(j) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(k) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(l) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(m) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(n) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(o) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(p) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(q) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(r) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(s) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(t) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(u) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(v) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(w) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(x) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(y) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(z) the general principles of the organization of the common market in agricultural products;

(1) $C \cap P_1 = \emptyset$, $P_1 \subset C^c$. Then $\partial C \cap P_1 = \emptyset$, $\partial C \subset P_1^c$.

(2) M is a $\mathbb{P}^1$ -bundle over $\mathbb{P}^1$ with C a $\mathbb{P}^1$;

(3) $A \vdash \varphi$ iff $\varphi \in A$, $\varphi \in C$ iff $\varphi \in P$;

$$(4) \quad A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix};$$
[illegible]

A $\mathbb{P}^1$ -bundle $\pi: \mathcal{Y} \rightarrow \mathcal{X}$ is called *trivial* if $\mathcal{Y} \cong \mathcal{X} \times \mathbb{P}^1$. If $\mathcal{Y}$ is not trivial, then $\mathcal{Y}$ is called *non-trivial*. If $\mathcal{Y}$ is a non-trivial $\mathbb{P}^1$ -bundle, then $\mathcal{Y}$ is isomorphic to the projectivization of a rank 2 vector bundle $\mathcal{E}$ on $\mathcal{X}$. In this case, we write $\mathcal{Y} = \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$. If $\mathcal{Y}$ is a non-trivial $\mathbb{P}^1$ -bundle, then $\mathcal{Y}$ is isomorphic to the projectivization of a rank 2 vector bundle $\mathcal{E}$ on $\mathcal{X}$. In this case, we write $\mathcal{Y} = \mathbb{P}(\mathcal{E})$.

Article 35 Указом Президента Российской Федерации, изданным в соответствии с Конституцией Российской Федерации, устанавливаются:

Титулы, присваиваемые Президентом Российской Федерации.

Article 36 Указом Президента Российской Федерации устанавливаются:

(1) награды, присваиваемые Президентом Российской Федерации;

(2) награды, присваиваемые Президентом Российской Федерации;

1. Президент Российской Федерации устанавливает:

2. Президент Российской Федерации устанавливает:

(3) P... C... ;

(4) F... C... ;

F... C... ;

Article 39 T... A... 37... C... ;

(1) ... C... ;

(2) L... ;

(3) D... ;

(4) R... A... ;

(5) P... C... ;

(6) T... C... ;

CHAPTER 6 SHARE CERTIFICATES AND REGISTER OF SHAREHOLDERS

Article 40 The Company shall maintain a register of shareholders.

If the Company is a public company, the register shall be kept at the registered office of the company, or at such other place as the Board of Directors may determine, and shall be open to the inspection of any shareholder at all times during which the Company is open for business.

The Company shall also maintain a register of the names and addresses of the persons who are entitled to exercise the voting rights of the shares of the Company, and shall keep the same up to date.

Default by the Company in the performance of its obligations under this Article shall constitute a breach of the terms of the Memorandum and Articles of Association of the Company, and shall be a ground for the winding up of the Company by the Court. The Company shall be liable to pay to the shareholder the amount of the damages suffered by him as a result of the breach, and shall be liable to pay the costs of the proceedings in which the damages are claimed.

(1) The Company shall be liable to pay to the shareholder the amount of the damages suffered by him as a result of the breach, and shall be liable to pay the costs of the proceedings in which the damages are claimed.

(2) The Company shall be liable to pay to the shareholder the amount of the damages suffered by him as a result of the breach, and shall be liable to pay the costs of the proceedings in which the damages are claimed.

(3) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十三条规定的抢劫罪构成要件，应当以抢劫罪定罪处罚。

(4) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十四条规定的盗窃罪构成要件，应当以盗窃罪定罪处罚。

Article 41 根据《刑法》第二百六十三条的规定，抢劫罪是指以非法占有为目的，使用暴力、胁迫或者其他方法，强行劫取公私财物的行为。抢劫罪侵犯的客体是公私财物的所有权和公民的人身权利。抢劫罪的构成要件包括：主观上具有非法占有目的；客观上实施了暴力、胁迫或者其他方法，强行劫取公私财物的行为。根据《刑法》第二百六十四条的规定，盗窃罪是指以非法占有为目的，秘密窃取公私财物，数额较大或者多次盗窃的行为。盗窃罪侵犯的客体是公私财物的所有权。盗窃罪的构成要件包括：主观上具有非法占有目的；客观上实施了秘密窃取公私财物的行为。根据《刑法》第二百六十五条的规定，诈骗罪是指以非法占有为目的，用虚构事实或者隐瞒真相的方法，骗取数额较大的公私财物的行为。诈骗罪侵犯的客体是公私财物的所有权。诈骗罪的构成要件包括：主观上具有非法占有目的；客观上实施了虚构事实或者隐瞒真相的方法，骗取数额较大的公私财物的行为。

Article 42 根据《刑法》第二百六十三条的规定，抢劫罪是指以非法占有为目的，使用暴力、胁迫或者其他方法，强行劫取公私财物的行为。抢劫罪侵犯的客体是公私财物的所有权和公民的人身权利。抢劫罪的构成要件包括：主观上具有非法占有目的；客观上实施了暴力、胁迫或者其他方法，强行劫取公私财物的行为。

(1) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十三条规定的抢劫罪构成要件，应当以抢劫罪定罪处罚。

(2) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十四条规定的盗窃罪构成要件，应当以盗窃罪定罪处罚。

(3) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十五条规定的诈骗罪构成要件，应当以诈骗罪定罪处罚。

(4) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十六条规定的敲诈勒索罪构成要件，应当以敲诈勒索罪定罪处罚。

(5) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十七条规定的抢夺罪构成要件，应当以抢夺罪定罪处罚。

(6) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十八条规定的招摇撞骗罪构成要件，应当以招摇撞骗罪定罪处罚。

根据《刑法》第二百六十三条的规定，抢劫罪是指以非法占有为目的，使用暴力、胁迫或者其他方法，强行劫取公私财物的行为。抢劫罪侵犯的客体是公私财物的所有权和公民的人身权利。抢劫罪的构成要件包括：主观上具有非法占有目的；客观上实施了暴力、胁迫或者其他方法，强行劫取公私财物的行为。

Article 47 N. 1. *Il* **30** *Y* **5** *Y* **C** *P* *T* *P*

[illegible]

Article 49 Any person who has been convicted by a court of law of a crime involving moral turpitude shall be ineligible for appointment to, or election to, office under the Government of the State.

Article 50 AP^x $\vdash$ $\exists y (C^y \wedge (R^y \vee S^y) \rightarrow \neg C^y) \wedge \exists y (O^y \wedge S^y \rightarrow \neg O^y)$.

A  B  C 

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

Article 51 A shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be entitled to exercise the rights attached to the shares. A shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be liable for the payment of the amount of his shares in full.

Article 52 The company shall have the right to demand the payment of the amount of the shares from the shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full. The company shall have the right to demand the payment of the amount of the shares from the shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full.

CHAPTER 7 RIGHTS AND OBLIGATIONS OF SHAREHOLDERS

Article 53 The company shall have the right to demand the payment of the amount of the shares from the shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full. The company shall have the right to demand the payment of the amount of the shares from the shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full.

The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be entitled to exercise the rights attached to the shares. The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be liable for the payment of the amount of his shares in full.

The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be entitled to exercise the rights attached to the shares. The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be liable for the payment of the amount of his shares in full.

The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be entitled to exercise the rights attached to the shares. The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be liable for the payment of the amount of his shares in full.

The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be entitled to exercise the rights attached to the shares. The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be liable for the payment of the amount of his shares in full.

(1) The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be entitled to exercise the rights attached to the shares. The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be liable for the payment of the amount of his shares in full.

(2) The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be entitled to exercise the rights attached to the shares. The shareholder who has not paid the amount of his shares in full shall not be liable for the payment of the amount of his shares in full.

[illegible]

I have been thinking about you a lot lately, B. I hope you are well. I am still here, 30 years old now. I am still working hard, but I am also enjoying life. I hope you are doing the same.

C. I am still here, 30 years old now. I am still working hard, but I am also enjoying life. I hope you are doing the same.

C. I am still here, 30 years old now. I am still working hard, but I am also enjoying life. I hope you are doing the same.

I have been thinking about you a lot lately, especially since I received your letter from C. It was so good to hear from you again, and I hope you are well.

[illegible]

Article 59 H... .. C... ..

- (1) $C \stackrel{y}{\rightarrow} A$, $\vdash C \rightarrow A$; $\vdash C \rightarrow A$
- (2) $P \stackrel{y}{\rightarrow} A$, $\vdash P \rightarrow A$; $\vdash P \rightarrow A$
- (3) $C \vdash P \rightarrow A$, $\vdash C \rightarrow y$; $\vdash C \rightarrow y$

- (3) $C \cap \mathbb{R}^n = \emptyset$ if and only if $y \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and $\|y\|_2 = 1$;

- (3) $C \cap \mathbb{R}^n = \emptyset$ if and only if $y \in \mathbb{R}^n$ and $\|y\|_2 = 1$;

(4) $C \models \varphi$ iff $\langle C, \varphi \rangle \in \mathcal{C}$; $C \models \varphi^y$ iff $\langle C, \varphi^y \rangle \in \mathcal{C}$;
 $C \models \varphi \wedge \psi$ iff $C \models \varphi$ and $C \models \psi$; $C \models \varphi \vee \psi$ iff $C \models \varphi$ or $C \models \psi$;
 $C \models \varphi \rightarrow \psi$ iff $C \models \varphi$ implies $C \models \psi$; $C \models \neg \varphi$ iff $C \not\models \varphi$;
 $C \models \exists x \varphi$ iff $C \models \varphi^y$ for some y ;
 $C \models \forall x \varphi$ iff $C \models \varphi^y$ for all y ;
 $C \models \varphi$ iff $C \models \varphi^y$ for all y ;

A. 

[illegible]

S

Article 60 S $\frac{5}{100}$ C $\frac{5}{100}$

Article 61 The Government shall ensure that the following conditions are met:

[illegible]

Итого: 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)

Средств: 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)

Итого: 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)

- (1) Д. 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)
- (2) А. 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)
- (3) А. 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)

Т. 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)

- (1) H, 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)
- (2) H, 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)
- (3) H, 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)
- (4) H, 1000000 руб. (1000000 руб. / 1000000 руб. = 1000000 руб.)

CHAPTER 8 GENERAL MEETING

Section 1 General Provisions on General Meeting

Article 62 The shareholders' general meeting is the highest decision-making body of the company. It has the following powers:

Article 63 The shareholders' general meeting shall exercise the following powers:

(1) Determine the company's business scope and investment plan; C

(2) Elect and replace the members of the Board of Directors and the members of the Board of Supervisors; M
The Board of Directors shall be composed of not less than 5 members and not more than 19 members;

(3) Review and approve the Board of Directors' report; B

(4) Review and approve the Board of Supervisors' report;

(5) Review and approve the company's financial budget, financial statements, and profit distribution plan; C

(6) Review and approve the company's major transactions and the company's C

(7) Propose and elect or replace the members of the Board of Directors; C

(8) Propose and elect or replace the members of the Board of Supervisors; C

(9) Propose and elect or replace the members of the Board of Directors; B

(10) Propose and elect or replace the members of the Board of Directors; C

(11) Approve the company's annual financial budget; A

(12) Review and approve the company's financial statements and the company's A 64
Approve the company's annual financial budget;

(13) R... 30% ... C ...;

(14) R...;

(15) R...;

(16) R... 3% ... C ...;

(17) R... () ... C ... A ... A ...

... () ... C ... B ...

Article 64 T... C ...

(1) A... 50% ... C ...;

(2) A... 30% ... C ...;

(3) T... 70% ...;

(4) A... 10% ...;

(5) T...;

(4) 董事 B 在 10 个工作日内;

(5) 董事在收到通知后 10 个工作日内;

(6) 如果董事在收到通知后 10 个工作日内, 未对董事 A 的提议作出答复, 则视为董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意。如果董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意, 则董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意。

Article 68 如果董事 B 在收到董事 A 的通知后 10 个工作日内, 未对董事 A 的提议作出答复, 则视为董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意。

A 在收到董事 B 的通知后 10 个工作日内, 未对董事 B 的提议作出答复, 则视为董事 B 的提议已经获得董事 A 的同意。如果董事 B 的提议已经获得董事 A 的同意, 则董事 B 的提议已经获得董事 A 的同意。

Section 2 Proposing and Convening of General Meeting

Article 69 如果董事 B 在收到董事 A 的通知后 10 个工作日内, 未对董事 A 的提议作出答复, 则视为董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意。如果董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意, 则董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意。

如果董事 B 在收到董事 A 的通知后 10 个工作日内, 未对董事 A 的提议作出答复, 则视为董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意。如果董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意, 则董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意。

Article 70 如果董事 B 在收到董事 A 的通知后 10 个工作日内, 未对董事 A 的提议作出答复, 则视为董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意。如果董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意, 则董事 A 的提议已经获得董事 B 的同意。

I B 10% 5% AP 10%

I B 10% T

Article 71 S 10% (10%)

(1) U 10% B T B A A 10% S

(2) I B 5% B AP

(3) I B 10% 10% C

(4) If the company has a share capital, the company shall not pay any dividend until the company has paid all amounts payable to the holders of shares ranking for preference over the shares to which the dividend relates.

(5) If the company has a share capital, the company shall not pay any dividend until the company has paid all amounts payable to the holders of shares ranking for preference over the shares to which the dividend relates.

T 10% 90

B () 10%

()

C

Article 72

B

T B

T B

T B

C

Section 3 Proposals and Notices of General Meeting

Article 73

T

I

A

Article 78 F... ..
... ..
... ..
... ..

- (1) P... ..
- (2) C
C
- (3) D... .. C
- (4) CSRC

A
... ..
... ..

Article 79 N (... ..)
... ..
... .. C
C
... .. F

T
... ..
... .. S 45
... 50 O

Article 80 A
... ..
... ..
2
... .. ()
... .. C
... ..

Article 83 All persons who are in the United States and who are not citizens of the United States shall be subject to the laws of the United States. I

All persons who are in the United States and who are not citizens of the United States shall be subject to the laws of the United States. I

Article 84 The United States shall not be bound by any treaty which is in conflict with the Constitution. I

The United States shall not be bound by any treaty which is in conflict with the Constitution. I

(1) No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector in any State, who has been convicted of a crime.

(2) No person shall be a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector in any State, who has been convicted of a crime.

(3) If a person is a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector in any State, who has been convicted of a crime, he shall be disqualified from holding any office under the United States.

(4) If a person is a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector in any State, who has been convicted of a crime, he shall be disqualified from holding any office under the United States.

(5) If a person is a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector in any State, who has been convicted of a crime, he shall be disqualified from holding any office under the United States.

(6) If a person is a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector in any State, who has been convicted of a crime, he shall be disqualified from holding any office under the United States.

(7) If a person is a Senator or Representative in Congress, or elector in any State, who has been convicted of a crime, he shall be disqualified from holding any office under the United States.

- (4) The Board shall have the authority to:
- (5) Amend the rules of procedure of the Council;
- (6) Amend the rules of procedure of the Council;
- (7) Make such other provisions as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the Convention, and to make such other provisions as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the Convention, and to make such other provisions as may be necessary to carry out the purposes of the Convention.

Article 105 The Board shall have the authority to:

- (1) The Board shall have the authority to:
- (2) The Board shall have the authority to:
- (3) The Board shall have the authority to:
- (4) The Board shall have the authority to:
- (5) The Board shall have the authority to:
- (6) The Board shall have the authority to:
- (7) The Board shall have the authority to:

Article 106 The Board shall have the authority to:

Article 107 I

I have been thinking of you a great deal lately, and wondering how you are getting on. I hope you are well and happy. I have been very busy lately, but I will try to write to you more often. I have been thinking of you a great deal lately, and wondering how you are getting on. I hope you are well and happy. I have been very busy lately, but I will try to write to you more often.

Article 108 I

I have been thinking about you a lot lately, and wondering how you are getting on. I hope you are well and happy. I have been busy with work, but I always find time to think of my friends. I would love to hear from you soon. Write back when you have a chance. I am always here for you. Love, [Name]

Article 109 S

S
C
I
C
7

CHAPTER 9 SPECIAL PROCEDURES FOR VOTING AT CLASS MEETINGS

Article 110 S

S. *gambosensis* was found in the same area as *S. macleodensis* and *S. macleodensis* was found in the same area as *S. gambosensis*. *S. gambosensis* was found in the same area as *S. macleodensis* and *S. macleodensis* was found in the same area as *S. gambosensis*.

S
A A

[illegible]

the *Journal of the American Medical Association* (JAMA) and the *British Medical Journal* (BMJ) are the most widely read and cited medical journals in the world. They are both published weekly and cover a wide range of medical topics, including clinical research, reviews, and news. The JAMA is published by the American Medical Association (AMA) and the BMJ is published by the British Medical Association (BMA). Both journals are highly respected and their findings are often used to guide medical practice.

Article 111 T

T. C. P. 113 117, 4 A 17

$$(10) \quad \mathbb{P}_1 \leq \mathbb{P}_2 \iff \mathbb{P}_1 \leq \mathbb{P}_2 \text{ and } \mathbb{P}_1 \leq \mathbb{P}_2 \text{ and } \mathbb{P}_1 \leq \mathbb{P}_2 \text{ and } \mathbb{P}_1 \leq \mathbb{P}_2; \quad \square$$
$$(11) \quad \begin{aligned} & \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \sum_{j=1}^n x_j \frac{\partial}{\partial x_j} - \sum_{j,k=1}^n y_{jk} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_j \partial x_k} \right) f(x,y) \\ & = \sum_{j=1}^m \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial t} + \sum_{k=1}^n x_k \frac{\partial}{\partial x_k} - \sum_{k,l=1}^n y_{kl} \frac{\partial^2}{\partial x_k \partial x_l} \right) g_j(x,y) \end{aligned}$$
[illegible]

Article 113 S

S. ... (2) (8) (11) (12)

A ... 112, ...

T
 11

(1) $C \in \mathcal{C}_1$ and $A \in \mathcal{C}_2$ are not adjacent in $\mathcal{C}$ and A is not adjacent to A_1 in $\mathcal{C}$, then A is adjacent to A_2 in $\mathcal{C}$;

[illegible][illegible]

Article 114 R

R. A. 113.

Article 115

45. $C = P^2$. $P = 10$, $C = 100$. $P = 20$, $C = 400$. $P = 30$, $C = 900$. $P = 40$, $C = 1600$. $P = 50$, $C = 2500$. $P = 60$, $C = 3600$. $P = 70$, $C = 4900$. $P = 80$, $C = 6400$. $P = 90$, $C = 8100$. $P = 100$, $C = 10000$.

CHAPTER 10 BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Section 1 Directors

Article 118 D^y
3^y A^y
.....
..... A A
..... () C^y

A
..... B I
.....
.....
A A
.....

A^y B
..... B
..... I
.....

A
.....
.....
.....
..... C^y

A C^y

Article 119 T
.....
..... H K T
..... :

(1) C^y
..... ;

(2) ;

(3) I
..... ;

- [illegible]

[illegible]

THE UNIVERSITY OF CHICAGO PRESS

[illegible][illegible]

Section 3 Board of Directors

Article 131 T C P B

Article 132 T B 8 3

T B

B

(T

()

C , .)

[illegible][illegible]

- [illegible]

- [illegible]

(21) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十三条规定的，应当以抢劫罪定罪处罚；

(22) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十四条规定的，应当以盗窃罪定罪处罚；

(23) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十五条规定的，应当以盗窃罪定罪处罚；

(24) 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十六条规定的，应当以诈骗罪定罪处罚；

如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十七条规定的，应当以抢夺罪定罪处罚；

如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十八条规定的，应当以招摇撞骗罪定罪处罚；

如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百六十九条规定的，应当以抢劫罪定罪处罚；

Article 134 如果该行为符合《刑法》第二百七十条规定的，应当以侵占罪定罪处罚；

(4) $B \leq A$; $B \leq A$;

(5) $B \leq A$; $B \leq A$; $C \leq A$;

(6) $B \leq A$; $B \leq A$;

(7) $B \leq A$; $B \leq A$;

(8) $C \leq A$; $B \leq A$;

(9) $C \leq A$; $B \leq A$;

(10) $A \leq B$; $A \leq B$;

T $B \leq A$; $S \leq A$; $C \leq A$;

Article 138 T $B \leq A$; $B \leq A$;

R $B \leq A$; $S \leq A$; $B \leq A$;

T... B... 10... 5

I... B... A...

B... F... B... C...

I... B... B... B...

Article 139 T... B... ()
A... 240... A... A...

F... B... B...

T C B S
()
()
(),
.

Article 144 I B
B ,
/ , /
S B
R
B
I
B ,
.

Article 145 T B

Article 146 T B
T B
.

T B
B
A A ,
C ,
C H ,
/ ,
/ ,
.

T B
B

Article 147 T B :

- (1) ;
- (2) ();
- (3) ;

Article 151 The Company shall have a seal. The seal shall be in the shape of a circle, with the words "The [Name of the Company] Limited" inscribed around the border, and the words "Incorporated in the State of New York" inscribed in the center. The seal shall be used by the Company in all its official communications and documents.

CHAPTER 12 COMPANY SECRETARY

Article 152 The Company shall have a Secretary, who shall be a natural person, at least 18 years of age, and who shall be a resident of the State of New York. The Secretary shall be elected by the Board of Directors, and shall hold office until the next annual meeting of the Board of Directors. The Secretary shall be responsible for the following duties:

- (a) to keep and maintain the minutes of all meetings of the Board of Directors and the shareholders;
- (b) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all certificates of stock;
- (c) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all notices of meetings of the Board of Directors and the shareholders;
- (d) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all reports of the Company;
- (e) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all other documents required by law.

Article 153 The Secretary shall be authorized to execute and deliver, on behalf of the Company, all certificates of stock, and all notices of meetings of the Board of Directors and the shareholders, and all other documents required by law. The Secretary shall also be authorized to execute and deliver, on behalf of the Company, all other documents required by law. The Secretary shall be responsible for the following duties:

- (a) to keep and maintain the minutes of all meetings of the Board of Directors and the shareholders;
- (b) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all certificates of stock;
- (c) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all notices of meetings of the Board of Directors and the shareholders;
- (d) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all reports of the Company;
- (e) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all other documents required by law.

Article 154 The Secretary shall be authorized to execute and deliver, on behalf of the Company, all certificates of stock, and all notices of meetings of the Board of Directors and the shareholders, and all other documents required by law. The Secretary shall also be authorized to execute and deliver, on behalf of the Company, all other documents required by law.

Article 155 A Secretary shall be elected by the Board of Directors, and shall hold office until the next annual meeting of the Board of Directors. The Secretary shall be responsible for the following duties:

- (a) to keep and maintain the minutes of all meetings of the Board of Directors and the shareholders;
- (b) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all certificates of stock;
- (c) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all notices of meetings of the Board of Directors and the shareholders;
- (d) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all reports of the Company;
- (e) to sign and deliver to the proper authorities all other documents required by law.

CHAPTER 14 BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Section 1 Supervisors

Article 165 A  B  C 

Article 166 A  B  H 
     B 

I have been thinking about you a lot lately, and I hope you are well. I have been busy with work, but I always find time to think of my friends. I hope you are enjoying your life and everything you are doing. I have been thinking about you a lot lately, and I hope you are well. I have been busy with work, but I always find time to think of my friends. I hope you are enjoying your life and everything you are doing.

Section 2 Board of Supervisors

Article 169 T C P

Article 170 T

T

Article 171 T

Article 172 T

(1) T C P

(2)

(3) T C P

(4)

(5)

Article 183 The Court of Justice shall have jurisdiction to give preliminary rulings concerning:

- (1) the interpretation of the Treaties;
- (2) the validity and interpretation of acts of the institutions of the Union;
- (3) the validity and interpretation of decisions of the Council of Ministers adopted after the entry into force of the Treaty of Amsterdam;
- (4) the interpretation of the Statute of the Court of Justice of the European Union;
- (5) the interpretation of the agreements concluded by the Union, its institutions or its Member States, in so far as the interpretation of such agreements may be necessary to ensure uniform application thereof within the Union;
- (6) such other questions as are referred to it by the national courts of the Member States in accordance with Article 267 of the Treaty on the Functioning of the European Union.

- (1) $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'' \text{ if } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma'' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash C \rightarrow \Gamma'';$
- (2) $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'' \text{ if } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma'' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'';$
- (3) $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'' \text{ if } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma'' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'';$
- (4) $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'' \text{ if } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma'' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'';$
- (5) $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'' \text{ if } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma'' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'';$
- (6) $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'' \text{ if } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma'' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'';$
- (7) $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'' \text{ if } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma'' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'';$
- (8) $\Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'' \text{ if } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma'' \text{ and } \Gamma \vdash \Gamma' \rightarrow \Gamma'';$

Article 184

D. $\vdash \neg (C \rightarrow P) \rightarrow (C \rightarrow \neg P)$ C, $\neg$ E

E. $\vdash (C \rightarrow P) \rightarrow (C \rightarrow \neg P)$ $\rightarrow$ I

- (1) $\{C \in \mathcal{C} \mid \exists \mathcal{P} \in \mathcal{P} \text{ such that } C \in \mathcal{P}\} = \mathcal{C}$;
- (2) $\{C \in \mathcal{C} \mid \exists \mathcal{P} \in \mathcal{P} \text{ such that } C \in \mathcal{P} \text{ and } \mathcal{P} \text{ is a } \mathcal{P} \text{-chain}\} = \mathcal{C}$;
- (3) $\{C \in \mathcal{C} \mid \exists \mathcal{P} \in \mathcal{P} \text{ such that } C \in \mathcal{P} \text{ and } \mathcal{P} \text{ is a } \mathcal{P} \text{-chain}\} = \mathcal{C}$;
- (4) $\{C \in \mathcal{C} \mid \exists \mathcal{P} \in \mathcal{P} \text{ such that } C \in \mathcal{P} \text{ and } \mathcal{P} \text{ is a } \mathcal{P} \text{-chain}\} = \mathcal{C}$;
- (5) $\{C \in \mathcal{C} \mid \exists \mathcal{P} \in \mathcal{P} \text{ such that } C \in \mathcal{P} \text{ and } \mathcal{P} \text{ is a } \mathcal{P} \text{-chain}\} = \mathcal{C}$.

Article 185 T

T
C
C
O
C

Article 186

E A C

Article 187

... , ... C ...
 ... , ...
 ... C ... , (...
 ... , ...
 ... C ... C ...), / ...
 ... B ...
 ... B ...

A ... , ...
 ...

U ...
 C ... B ...
 ... A ...
 B ...
 ... , ... C ...
 ... , ...
 ...

A ... C ...
 ... , ...
 ... C ... P ... , ...

Article 188

If ...
 C ... B ... C ...
 ... , ...
 ... , ...
 ... C ...
 ... , ...
 ... C ... , ...
 ... A ... C ...
 ... / ...

Article 189

T ... C ...

Article 190 The Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty, be responsible for the implementation of the common agricultural policy. It shall be assisted by the Committee of the Regions.

The Commission shall be assisted by the Committee of the Regions.

(1) The Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty, be responsible for the implementation of the common agricultural policy.

(2) The Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty, be responsible for the implementation of the common agricultural policy. It shall be assisted by the Committee of the Regions.

(3) If the Commission is not in a position to carry out its duties, it shall be assisted by the Committee of the Regions. The Commission shall be assisted by the Committee of the Regions.

Article 191 A Commission shall be responsible for the implementation of the common agricultural policy. A Commission shall be responsible for the implementation of the common agricultural policy.

Article 192 A Commission shall be responsible for the implementation of the common agricultural policy. A Commission shall be responsible for the implementation of the common agricultural policy.

(1) The Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty, be responsible for the implementation of the common agricultural policy. It shall be assisted by the Committee of the Regions.

(2) The Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty, be responsible for the implementation of the common agricultural policy. It shall be assisted by the Committee of the Regions.

Article 193 The Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Treaty, be responsible for the implementation of the common agricultural policy. It shall be assisted by the Committee of the Regions.

Article 195

F
C

(1)

(2)

I

Article 197 T C

CHAPTER 16 FINANCIAL ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS

Article 198 T C

Article 199 T C

T C

Article 200 A

Article 204 T C P 60 y 120 y

T C P y ,
y

Article 205 T C P y P C P y
A C P P

Article 206 T P :

(1) P ;

(2) S C P

Article 207 P y ,
10% C P y
T C P y
50% C P y

S C P y
C P y
y , y
y

A C P y
y
y

A C P y
y
A A

S

Y

C

(1) $\mathcal{C} \in \mathcal{C}_1$;

(2) $\mathcal{C} \in \mathcal{C}_1$;

Figure 1: Schematic diagram of the experimental setup. The diagram illustrates the sequence of events in the experiment. A participant is seated at a table, viewing a screen. The screen displays a sequence of stimuli: a target (T), a cue (C), a response (R), and a reward (RMB). The sequence is shown for two conditions: 'S' (Success) and 'C' (Cue). The 'S' condition shows a sequence of stimuli: T, C, R, RMB. The 'C' condition shows a sequence of stimuli: T, C, R, RMB. The diagram also shows the participant's hand and the location of the stimuli on the screen.

Article 211

T C PRC
 HK S E
 T O H K M.

T C PRC
 ()
 ()

T C PRC
 HK S E
 T O H K M.

S PRC
 H K S E
 C PRC
 H K M.

T C PRC
 H
 C PRC
 H

H
 C PRC
 H

T C PRC
 B C PRC
 :

(1) PRC
 ;

(2) PRC
 C PRC
 ()

Article 212 A partnership may, by a majority vote of the partners, C-12, B-12, (1) amend or repeal any provision of its partnership agreement, and (2) add or remove a partner.

Article 213 The C-12, B-12, partnership may, by a majority vote of the partners, C-12, B-12, (1) amend or repeal any provision of its partnership agreement, and (2) add or remove a partner.

CHAPTER 17 APPOINTMENT OF AN ACCOUNTING FIRM

Article 214 The C-12, B-12, partnership may, by a majority vote of the partners, C-12, B-12, (1) appoint an accounting firm, and (2) remove an accounting firm.

The C-12, B-12, partnership may, by a majority vote of the partners, C-12, B-12, (1) appoint an accounting firm, and (2) remove an accounting firm.

The C-12, B-12, partnership may, by a majority vote of the partners, C-12, B-12, (1) appoint an accounting firm, and (2) remove an accounting firm.

Article 215 The C-12, B-12, partnership may, by a majority vote of the partners, C-12, B-12, (1) appoint an accounting firm, and (2) remove an accounting firm.

Article 216 A partnership may, by a majority vote of the partners, C-12, B-12, (1) appoint an accounting firm, and (2) remove an accounting firm.

(1) The C-12, B-12, partnership may, by a majority vote of the partners, C-12, B-12, (1) appoint an accounting firm, and (2) remove an accounting firm.

(2) The C-12, B-12, partnership may, by a majority vote of the partners, C-12, B-12, (1) appoint an accounting firm, and (2) remove an accounting firm.

1. The court may, in its discretion, order the liquidator to pay the dividend to the shareholders of the company in the following order:
 - (1) The first dividend shall be paid to the shareholders of the company who are entitled to the dividend.
 - (2) The second dividend shall be paid to the shareholders of the company who are entitled to the dividend.
 - (3) The third dividend shall be paid to the shareholders of the company who are entitled to the dividend.

CHAPTER 18 MERGER, DIVISION, DISSOLUTION AND LIQUIDATION

Section 1 Merger and Division

Article 222 The court may, in its discretion, order the liquidator to pay the dividend to the shareholders of the company in the following order:

- (1) The first dividend shall be paid to the shareholders of the company who are entitled to the dividend.
- (2) The second dividend shall be paid to the shareholders of the company who are entitled to the dividend.
- (3) The third dividend shall be paid to the shareholders of the company who are entitled to the dividend.

The court may, in its discretion, order the liquidator to pay the dividend to the shareholders of the company in the following order:

- (1) The first dividend shall be paid to the shareholders of the company who are entitled to the dividend.
- (2) The second dividend shall be paid to the shareholders of the company who are entitled to the dividend.
- (3) The third dividend shall be paid to the shareholders of the company who are entitled to the dividend.

Section 2 Dissolution and Liquidation

Article 226 T

T C P₁
C P₂ P₃ P₄ P₅ :

- [illegible]

Article 227

226 (1), (2), (5) (6) A A, A 15, T

C A

226 (4) A A,

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Article 228 I B C P ()
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Article 229 T 10 Y
 60 Y
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 45 Y
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CHAPTER 19 AMENDMENT TO ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

Article 235 The Corporation may, from time to time, amend or repeal any of its Articles of Association, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, and such amendments shall be subject to the approval of the stockholders.

Article 236 Upon the filing of the Certificate of Amendment with the Secretary of State, the amendments to the Articles of Association shall become effective:

- (1) Amendments to the Articles of Association that change the name of the Corporation shall become effective upon the filing of the Certificate of Amendment with the Secretary of State;
- (2) Amendments to the Articles of Association that change the number of directors shall become effective upon the filing of the Certificate of Amendment with the Secretary of State;
- (3) Amendments to the Articles of Association that change the qualifications for directors shall become effective upon the filing of the Certificate of Amendment with the Secretary of State.

Article 237 Any amendments to the Articles of Association shall be subject to the approval of the stockholders, and such amendments shall be subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, and such amendments shall be subject to the approval of the stockholders.

Article 238 The Board of Directors may, from time to time, amend or repeal any of its Articles of Association, subject to the approval of the Board of Directors, and such amendments shall be subject to the approval of the stockholders.

Notwithstanding the foregoing, any amendments to the Articles of Association that change the name of the Corporation shall become effective upon the filing of the Certificate of Amendment with the Secretary of State.

- (1) Amendments to the Articles of Association that change the number of directors shall become effective upon the filing of the Certificate of Amendment with the Secretary of State;

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Article 241 U... A... A...
A... B...

(2) The Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention, submit to the Council of Ministers a report on the work of the Commission during the year.

The Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention, submit to the Council of Ministers a report on the work of the Commission during the year.

(3) The Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention, submit to the Council of Ministers a report on the work of the Commission during the year.

(4) The Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention, submit to the Council of Ministers a report on the work of the Commission during the year.

CHAPTER 22 SUPPLEMENTARY ARTICLES

Article 245 D

(1) If a Member State, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention, submits to the Council of Ministers a report on the work of the Commission during the year, the Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention, submit to the Council of Ministers a report on the work of the Commission during the year.

(2) A Member State, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention, submits to the Council of Ministers a report on the work of the Commission during the year, the Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention, submit to the Council of Ministers a report on the work of the Commission during the year.

(3) A Member State, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention, submits to the Council of Ministers a report on the work of the Commission during the year, the Commission shall, in accordance with the provisions of the Convention, submit to the Council of Ministers a report on the work of the Commission during the year.

Article 246 If a person has been sentenced to death for a crime, and the sentence is confirmed by the court, the person shall be executed within the prescribed period.

Article 247 The execution of a death sentence shall be carried out by the court which has sentenced the person to death.

Article 248 The execution of a death sentence shall be carried out by the court which has sentenced the person to death. The execution shall be carried out by the court which has sentenced the person to death.

Article 249 If a person has been sentenced to death for a crime, and the sentence is confirmed by the court, the person shall be executed within the prescribed period. The execution shall be carried out by the court which has sentenced the person to death.

Article 250 The execution of a death sentence shall be carried out by the court which has sentenced the person to death.